

Examination 2 for PHYS 6220/7220, 12th November 2025

First

Last

Student Name:

Instructions:

- 1) This test is worth a total of 20 points which will be scaled to a weight of 20% of the final letter grade.
- 2) Use more pages as needed for question 11.

1. How is the time dependence of H related to that of L ? [1 point]
2. How is $[A, B]$ related to $[B, A]$? [1 point]
3. Write equations for the fundamental Poisson brackets? [1 point]
4. If a particle is only under the influence of a central force what vector physical quantity of the particle is conserved? What scalar physical quantity is conserved? [2 points]

5. In a central force problem, it is known that at a certain time the radial coordinate r of the particle is at its maximum. What physical quantity is zero at that instance? [**1 point**]

6. Write the differential equation for the orbit of a particle, in a central force field. [**1 point**]

7. Write the integral equation for the orbit of a particle, in a central force field. [**1 point**]

8. For a central potential $V(r) = -k/r$, $k > 0$, write the equation of the orbit when its energy is negative. State the two special shapes that occur. [**2 points**]

9. What is the maximum number for the degrees of freedom of a rigid body? [**1 point**]

10. Write the definition of an orthogonal matrix. **[1 point]**

11. Consider two Cartesian coordinate systems which both have the same origin but the axes of S' are rotated with respect to S . Coordinate system S has unit vectors along its XYZ axes as:

$$\hat{i} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \hat{j} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ and } \hat{k} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Coordinate system S' has unit vectors along its $X'Y'Z'$ axes as:

$$\hat{i}' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \hat{j}' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ and } \hat{k}' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(1) Find the rotation matrix $\overline{\overline{R}}_1$ corresponding to the rotation from S to S' . **[3 points]**

(2) Find the rotation matrix $\overline{\overline{R}}_2$ corresponding to the rotation from S' to S . **[3 points]**

(3) An arbitrary vector is given by its components in the S' frame as $\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix}$. Derive its components in the S frame. **[2 points]**